

## **D4.1**

## **MBs Identification and Evaluation Tools**

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## Project partners



Environmental Change Institute









Lucerne University of Applied Sciences and Arts



FH Zentralschweiz







european council for an energy efficient economy















## www.mbenefits.eu



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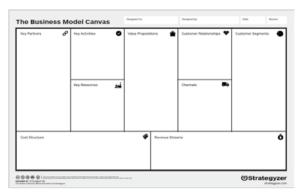
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## Resources

The Excel file presented in the next pages comprises generic material to streamline and support the Multiple Benefits analysis.

### Analysis of the company Step 1.1 - Business Model Canvas

https://www.strategyzer.com/canvas/business-model-canvas



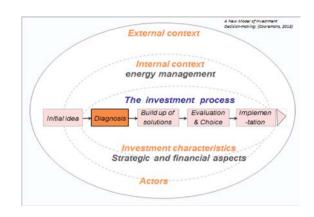
Blocks to be analyzed
Customer segments
Value proposition(s) - one for each customer segment
value proposition(s) one for each eastonier segment
Key activities (nb: not to be confused with the company's activity)
Key resources
noy resources
Cost structure
Income structure

### Analysis of the company Step 1.2 - Decision-making drivers

FACTORS INFLUENCING ENERGY-EFFICIENCY INVESTMENT DECISION-MAKING							
Energy management level (the higher the better)	Score	Scale					
Energy intensity Which percentage do your energy consumption total costs represent in % of your turnover:							
NB: one point is given IF an answer is given whatever the figure Did your company make a commitment of a continuous reduction of its		yes = 1 / no = 0					
energy consumption Did your company undertake any of the following tasks in relation with		yes = 2 / no = 0					
energy use :							
- Evaluation of energy performance (benchmarking)		yes = 1 / no = 0					
- Definition of baseline - Definition of key performance indicators - Definition of energy policy		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 2 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0					
- Setting of measurable goals regarding energy consumption reduction		yes = 1 / no = 0					
- Definition and setting of measures to reach the goals defined - Data collection regarding goals achievement		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0					
Which ressources have been allocated to energy-efficiency measures implementation :							
- Human resources (i.e. project team) - Financial resources - Technical resources (i.e. meters) - Electronic resources (i.e. software)		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 1 yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0					
Energy manager : - Does the company have an energy manager		yes = 2 / no = 0					
- Does the energy manager perform other functions in your company - If yes, which one		<b>yes = -1 /</b> no = 0					
Does your company have an internal communication on energy issues		yes = 1 / no = 0					
Did your company organize the following systems and procedures in relation with its energy policy:							
- Training system for staff		yes = 1 / no = 0					
Reward system     Monitoring system of the results in goals reaching		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0					
- Revising goals procedure  Does your company outsource facility management		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = -1 / no = 0					
TOTAL	0	Maximum score = 22 pts					

NEGATIVE FACTORS		
Please rate the negative influence of the following factors on energy- efficient technologies adoption (1 = the less important - 4 = the most important	Score	Scale
Energy & technology		
Energy costs are not sufficiently important		1-4
Energy efficiency has low priority		1-4
Current installations are sufficiently efficient		1-4
No good overview of existing technologies		1-4
Uncertainty regarding technologies quality		1-4
Investment cycle		
New technology can only be implemented when existing technology must be replaced		1-4
Finance		
Internal constraints on the budget		1-4
No loan possible when no core business investment		1-4
TOTAL		Maximum score = 32 pts

POSITIVE FACTORS		
POSITIVE FACTORS		
Please rate the positive influence of the following factors on energy- efficient technologies adoption (1 = the less important - 4 = the most important	Score	Scale
Physical resources		
The company owns its facilities/building(s)		yes = 1 no = 0
Even if tenant, influence is possible on large technical systems consuming energy		yes = 1 no = 0
A périodicity is defined for renovation of sales area or offices		yes = 1 no = 0
If there is a defined periodicity, what is its duration:		nr. years
Management systems	Score	Scale
Is your company certified: - ISO 9001 (quality) - ISO 31000 (risks) - ISO 50001 (energy management)		yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0 yes = 1 / no = 0
Did the company establish an Environmental Management System (EMS)		yes = 1 / no = 0
Did the company establish an Environmental Management System (EMS)  Management support	Score	yes = 1 / no = 0 Scale
	Score	



0-5
6-10
11-18
19-22

Interpretation of results	Score
The higher the score, the higher the barriers to energy-efficiency investments in a company	0-32

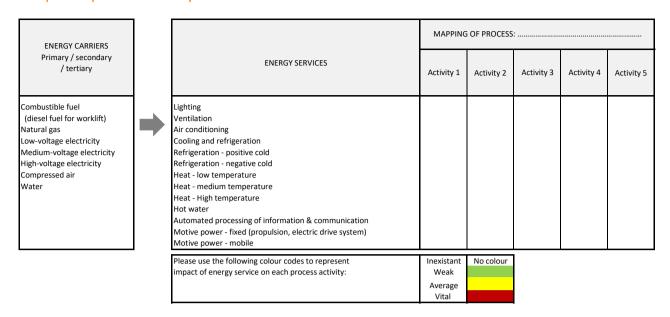
Interpretation of results	Score
The higher the score, the higher the positive drivers to energy- efficiency investments or to the Multiple Benefits approach in a	0-7
company.	

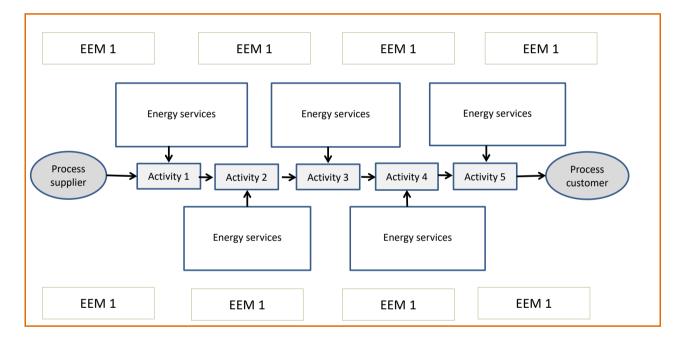
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#### Step 2.1 Energy analysis

Pre-project summary	Post-installation energy benefits summary
Metering system	• % improvement
Estimated average power:	annual energy consumption savings:
• Energy consumption: kWh/year	Electricity savings: KWh EUR:
• Electricity:	Natural gas savings: KWh EUR:
Thermal energy:	Fuel oil savings: KWh EUR:
•:	
Indicators of energy consumption:	
•	
•	
•	

Step 2.2 Operational analysis





Excitation of souther counting or carcading effects of Some boreful are the same under different names of the production	BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation -	Example of indicator	Contrib	ution to stra	ategicity	Departement responsible in the company
Langur equipment (if it (but to reduced wear and lear) Longer equi	Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff		Reduc-	prop.		and data source
Jacobies designation performance  Dispersional Control of the Cont							
Longer seputation file false to notworked wear and tear) Improved production reliability (but to better control) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better control) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better control) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better control) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to better quality) Louristative: M Improved production reliability (but to bette	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	Х	х	Х	Operations-Energy
Improved product growth promotency (a) Quantitative - My Committed (a) C				х	х	Х	
Increased production reliability follow to better quality)  Laurettaive - M. Company - M. Compan						Х	
Larger products range de la control de la co							
Seduced contament service costs (ple to better quality)  Geodesic for winderial need  Geodesic for production cycle (bilder process cycle time)  Geodesic for production (bilder)  Geodesic				Х		Х	
Improved Readility of production  Countratives:   Improved Investment   Countratives:   Mile   Countratives:   Mil			-				
Reduced or awarderial model  Counted by Counter (and the counter of the counter o							
Reduced outs production volume Increased production Increased production volume Increa					Х		
Shorter production optic (shorter process cycle time) Constraints — Microsead production volume Contractive — Microsead production — Microsead production Contractive — Microsead productive — Microsead production Contractive — Microsead productive — Microsead production Contractive — Microsead productive — Micro							•
increased production volume Compressed production Comp				(x)			
MATER AWATE A WATE PRESENTER  Reduced waste heat  Quantitative - M  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - M  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C					Х	Х	Operations
WASTER WATER  Used vaste heat  Quantitative— M  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantitative— M  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity (total or as % of production)  x  x  x  Quantity							0 1: 5:
Load waste heat   Quantitative   Q		Quantitative - C	Output total/iliput total		Х	Х	Operations-Finance
Used waste heart   Quantitative		Overstitestive AC	Over-tite /t-t-1 0/ -f dv-d*				F
Reduced hazardous waste   Quantitative - M   Sig/n/] - Signosal costs (EUR/Re)   X   X   Operations - Beduced sewage volume   Quantitative - M							
Reduced server consumption   Quantitative - M Reduced sewage pollution level   Quantitative - M Reduced sewage pollution level   Quantitative - M Reduced sewage pollution level   Quantitative - M Reduced content waste   Quantitative - M Reduced content waste   Quantitative - M Reduced production   X							
Reduced sevage pollurion level Quantitative - M. Composition or Management Peduced product waste Reduced product waste Quantitative - M. Quantitative - C. Q							-
Reduced product waste expended pollution level Reduced product waste expended production waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables) (Quantifative - M Quantifative	·						-
Reduced product waste Reduced product waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables) Quantitative - M. Quantity (total or as % of production)							
Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)  Reduced Co. CO. CO. XN. SO: emissions  Quantitative - M  Guantity (total or as % of production)  Reduced Co. CO. XN. SO: emissions  Quantitative - M  Guantity (total or as % of production)  Reduced dist emissions  Quantitative - M  Guantity (total or as % of production)  Reduced dist emissions  Quantitative - M  Quantity (total or as % of production)  Reduced maintenance cost.  Reduced maintenance cost.  Reduced emistenance cost.  Reduced somethem of ambiet air  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - M  Quantitative							
GAZEOUS EMISSIONS  Cauntitative - M  Reduced CD, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions  Quantitative - M  Quantity (total or as % of production)  X	-						
Reduced dost emissions   Quantitative - M   Quantity (total or as % of production)   X		Quantitative - IVI	quantity (total of as % of production)	X		X	Operations-Ens
Reduced OC, OCA, NOX, SOX emissions  Quantitative - M  Quantity (total or as % of production)  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X  X		Ouantitativo M	Quantity (total or as 9/ of production)				Operations Environment
Reduction of fluorinated (prifigerant) gases emissions   Quantitative - E   Quantitative - E   Quantitative - C   Quantitative - M   Quantitativ							
MAINTENANCE  Reduced maintenance cost  Quantitative - C  Reduced maintenance cost  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Reduced noise  Quantitative - C  Air quality improvement of ambient air  Quantitative - M  Quantitative - M  Number of particles / mic sales (repetitive or not)  Air quality improvement of ambient air  Quantitative - M  Number of particles / mic sales (repetitive or not)  Air Quantitative - M  Number of particles / mic sales (repetitive or not)  Air Quantitative - M  Number of particles / mic sales (repetitive or not)  Air Quantitative - C  Reduced on the tasks (repetitive or not)  Reduced or protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced on for protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced on for protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced or protective equipment  Number of accidents / year  Air C/E  Reduced or protective equipment  Air C/E  Reduced disruption of energy price risk  """  """  """  """  """  """  """					X		
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Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear  Quantitative - C  Reduced engineering control cost  Quantitative - C  Reduced noise  Air quality improvement of ambient air  Quantitative - M  Qu		Quantitative - C	wages (FLIR/hr) * reduced maintenance			Y	Technical Service-Maintenance
Reduced engineering control cost    Variable   Cost   Cos				x			
MORKING ENVIRONMENT							
Air quality improvement of ambient air  Quant (qualitative - M Improved thermal comfort  Quant (qualitative - M Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  Well-being productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  X X X Qperations-Quality-HR Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  X X X Qperations-Quality-HR Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  X X X Qperations-Quality-HR Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  X X X X Qperations-Quality-HR Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks (pepetitive or not)  X X X X Qperations-RH-Finance  Reducted of for protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduction of health costs  Quantitative - C/E  Reduction of for protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Qualitative - C/E  Reduced of a denery price risk  " " price forecasts)  Which water price is contractually agreed  X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " " number of lawsuits or legal disputes X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " " number of lawsuits or legal disputes X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " " electricity supply disruption rate)  Limproved staff satisfaction and loyalty  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction and loyalty  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction (based on survey)  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction (based on survey)  A X X X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of customs procedures  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction (based on survey)  A X X X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of customs procedures  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction (based on survey)  A X X X Qperations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of customs procedures  Quantitative - C  Employee staffsaction (based on survey)  A X X X Qperations-	WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
Improved thermal comfort   Quant./qualitative   Purpoved visual comfort   Quant./qualitative   Quant./qualitativ	Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	х	х	х	Operations-EHS
Improved visual comfort Improved workforce productivity Depend on the tasks Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not) Reduced bisenteism Quantitative - C/E Reduction of health costs Quantitative - C/E Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced ed risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced CO2 and energy price risk Reduced CO2 and energy price risk Reduced CO2 and energy price risk Reduced downercial risk Reduced commercial risk Reduced downercial risk Reduced disruption of energy supply risk Reduced disruption of energy supply risk Reduced disruption of (other) supplies Third Sequence of the right of the	Air quality improvement of ambient air	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	х	х	х	Operations-HR-Finance
Improved workforce productivity  Depend on the tasks  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced absenteism  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced need for protective equipment  Quantitative - C/E  Reduced need for protective equipment  Reduced need for protective equipment  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  " price forecasts)  " which water price is contractually agreed  Reduced legal risk  Reduced legal risk  " number of lawsuits or legal disputes  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  " operations-Risk Assessment  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced instruction of the risk operations risk Assessment  Reduced at a company of the risk operations risk Assessment  Reduced at a company of the risk operations risk Assessment  Reduced at a company of the risk operations risk Assessment  Reduced instruction of the risk op	Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	х	х	х	Operations-Quality-HR
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Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk  Reduced commercial risk  " unimber of lawsuits or legal disputes  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " number of lawsuits or legal disputes  " operations-Risk Assessment  " Operations-Risk Assessment  " Operations-Risk Assessment  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  " operations-Risk Assessment  "							
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Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  " electricity supply disruption rate)  " electricity supply disruption rate)  " electricity supply disruption rate)  " Operations-Risk Assessment  " Operations-Risk							•
Reduced disruption of (other) supplies "  OTHERS  Increased installation safety  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Delayed or reduced staff turnover  Delayed or reduced spital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Delayed or reduced spital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Qualitative - E  Number of m2 saved  Number of m2 saver saverage costs (or  Number of m2 saverage costs (	_						-
OTHERS  Increased installation safety  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Qualitative ©  Qualitative - C  Quantitative - C  Number of m2 saved  Additional space / Improved space utilisation  Qualitative - C  Qualitative - C  Qualitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Number of m2 saved  X  X  Quantitative - C  Qualitative - E  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  X  X  Quantitative - C  Operations-Finance  Operations-Finance  Operations-Finance  Operations-General Management  Improved image or reputation  Qualitative (S)  X  X  Qualitative - C  X  X  Quantitative - C  Av  Qualitative - C  Av  Av  Av  Av  Av  Av  Av  Av  Av  A		"	electricity supply disruption rate)	х			
Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty  Qualitative - C  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Semployee satisfaction (based on survey)  X  X  X  HR  Hr-Finance  Price  Additional space / improved space utilisation  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Number of m2 saved  Number of m2 saved  Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Qualitative - E  Qualit		"		х			Operations-Risk Assessment
Increased installation safety  Qualitative © other impact) per incident  Active Company Or  Qualitative © dualitative Company Or  Qualitative Company Or  Quantitative - E/C  Delayed or reduced capital expenditure  Quantitative - E  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E  Additional space / Improved space utilisation  Quantitative - C  Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - C  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  Qualitative - E  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - C  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  Qualitative - E  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  wages/hr  X  X  X  Quantitative - C  Operations-General Management  Improved image or reputation  Qualitative (S)  X  X  X  Qualitative - E  Nor of hours spend on procedures per year *  X  X  X  X  Qualitative - C  Operations-General Management  Improved image or reputation  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Active - C  Active -	OTHERS						
Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty    Contribution to company's vision or strategy   Qualitative   Employee satisfaction (based on survey)   Employee s	Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	other impact) per incident	х	х	х	Operations
Reduced staff turnover Delayed or reduced capital expenditure Quantitative - C Number of m2 saved X X Querations-Finance  Number of m2 saved X X X Querations-Finance  Very of hours spend on procedures per year * Very of hours spend on procedures	Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©		x	х	x	HR
Reduced insurance cost  Additional space / Improved space utilisation Quantitative - E Qualitative - E Number of m2 saved x x Qperations-Finance  Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Contribution to company's vision or strategy Qualitative - E wages/hr  Contribution & Qualitative - E Qualitative - E wages/hr  Contribution to company's vision or strategy Qualitative - E wages/hr  Limproved image or reputation Qualitative (S) x x x x Qperations-General Management Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Qualitative		•		х	х		
Additional space / Improved space utilisation  Quantitative - C  Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Qualitative - E  Contribution to company's vision or strategy  Qualitative - E  Improved image or reputation  Qualitative (S)  Qualitative (S)  X  X  X  X  X  Operations-Finance  X  X  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations-  Operations- Operation							
Simplification & automation of customs procedures  Qualitative - E  Qualitative - E  Improved image or reputation  Qualitative (5)  Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes  Qualitative  Qualitative  X  X  X  Operations-General Management  X  X  Operations-Marketing  Qualitative  X  X  Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment							
wages/nr Contribution to company's vision or strategy Qualitative - E Improved image or reputation Qualitative (S) x x x Operations-Marketing Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Qualitative x x x Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment	· · · ·		Nr of hours spend on procedures per year *	x			
Improved image or reputation     Qualitative (S)     x     x     x     Qperations-Marketing       Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes     Qualitative     x     x     x     Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment	· ·		wages/III				·
Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Qualitative x x Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment							
			Assets value			X	
Interessed assets varies Qualitative Assets varies A A Interest Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting Qualitative X X Finance - Legal dpt			Assets Value		^		

## 3.1.2 Lighting - MBs LIST

LIGHTING				Quantifiable						
		BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS		(Measure - Suggestions of indicator			ition to str	ategicity		
ENERGY SERVICE			(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Calculation -					Departement responsible in the company	
				Estimate)					and	
	Technical	Major lighting	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!	Qualitative	To be related to a time period	Risk	Value	Cost	data source	
Functions / Impacts	parameters	energy-efficiency measures	Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff	(i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Reduc-	prop.	decrease		
				survey)	( - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -	tion	Increase			
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS							
	men	Light-bulbing replacement (led)	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	х	X	х	Operations-Energy	
		Operating hours reduction(Sensors)  Luminaire replacement (led)	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	х	х	х	Operations-Energy	
	ower W		Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed	-		×	Operations-Energy	
оре	erating hours	Automatic control lighting system	Improved product quality /consistency Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M/E Quantitative - M	Reduction of production losses - redo % of conformity to specifications/total of	x	×	x x	Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales Opérations-Qualité	
Impacts			Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products	х	×	×	Operations-Qualite Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales	
Heat emission			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	Number of product recalls x cost of product		×	×	Finance	
Colour transforming properties			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	х	×	x	Operations-Quality-Finance	
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	% raw materials - production volume	(x)	-	×	Operations	
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)		×	Opérations-EHS	
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time		x	×	Operations	
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)					
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		х	×	Operations-Finance	
			WASTE & WATER							
<u> </u>			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			×	Energy	
<u> </u>			Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)			×	Energy	
<u> </u>			Reduced nazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg) Water - production volume (or in % of	×		×	Operations	
<u> </u>			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M		(x)		×	Operations-EHS	
H			Reduced sewage volume  Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production) Composition	×		×	Operations-Energy-Environment Operations-Environment	
			Reduced sewage political rever	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Onerations-Environment	
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-EHS	
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS	Quantitative ivi	and the second second				operations end	
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	×	Operations-Environment	
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x	x	×	Operations-Environment-Energy	
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х		×	Operations-Environment-Energy	
			MAINTENANCE							
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			×	Technical Service-Maintenance	
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost	х		×	Technical Service-Maintenance	
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	recimen control cost			×	Technical Service-Maintenance	
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	×	х	×	Operations-EHS	
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	х	х	×	Operations-HR-Finance	
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	х	x	х	Operations-Quality-HR	
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	x	x	×	Operations-Quality-HR	
			Improved workforce productivity		Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	х	х	×	Operations-RH-Finance	
<del>                                     </del>			Reduced absenteism Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	×	х	x x	Operations-RH-Finance	
<u> </u>			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction Cost of equipment			×	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance	
<u> </u>			RISK REDUCTION	Qualititative - C/E					operations-rinance	
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	¥			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	-	price forecasts)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed	×			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced commercial risk		which world price is contractually agreed	×			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	×			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	х			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			x			Operations-Risk Assessment	
			OTHERS							
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	×	×	×	Operations	
<u> </u>				and the control of	other impact) per incident		^	_ ^		
1			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at	×	×	×	HR	
			Reduced staff turnover		the company Or			-		
			The same of the sa	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	×	×	×	Hr-Finance	
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			x	Operations-Finance	
			Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			×	Operations-Finance	
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		х	×	Operations-Finance	
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	×	×	×	Operations	
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E	muges/in		x		Operations-General Management	
l – – – –			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		×	×	×	Operations-General Management Operations-Marketing	
1				Qualitative		x	×	×	Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment	
			Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative						
			Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value	x	x		Finance	

### 3.1.3 Air cond. - MBs LIST

AIR CONDITIONING ENERGY SERVICE			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to stra	stegicity	Departement responsible in the company
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major air conditioning energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!  Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	data source
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T* in a defined T* window	Temperature (T*)	Lowering cold requirements(free cooling,	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	х	х	x	Operations-Energy
Air stability	Humidity rate (HR)	Operating parameters fitting	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	х	x	x	Operations-Energy
Air quality	Delta T	Heat recovery unit	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			×	Operations-Energy
	Cooling power (KW)	Automatic control system (sensors)	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	х	x	X	Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Impacts		Cold production replacement	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	х	х	×	Opérations-Qualité
Comfort - wellness		Renewable cold source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		х		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
Healthcare			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		х	×	Finance
Product conservation			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	х	х	×	Operations-Quality-Finance
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		×	Operations
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)		x	Opérations-EHS
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time		x	x	Operations
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				-
		<u> </u>	Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		х	x	Operations-Finance
			WASTE & WATER						
		<u> </u>	Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			x	Energy
		<u> </u>	Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)			x	Energy
			Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	х		×	Operations
		<u> </u>	Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		x	Operations-EHS
		<u> </u>	Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х		x	Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	х		×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х		×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х		x	Operations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х	х	x	Operations-Environment
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х	x	x	Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	х		x	Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced	х		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			x	Technical Service-Maintenance
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	х	x	x	Operations-EHS
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	х	x	x	Operations-HR-Finance
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	х	х	×	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	х	х	×	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	х	х	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	X	x	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction  Cost of equipment			X X	Operations-RH-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION	Quantitative - C/E	cost or equipment			×	Operations-Finance
1			REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease						
1			neduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
	l		Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	1 :	price forecasts)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
1			Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
ļ			Reduced commercial risk	- :		х			Operations-Risk Assessment
ļ			Reduced legal risk	- :	number of lawsuits or legal disputes	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
1			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
ļ			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies	<u> </u>		х			Operations-Risk Assessment
1			OTHERS						
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident	х	х	×	Operations
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or	х	х	×	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	х	х	×	Hr-Finance
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			x	Operations-Finance
			Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			×	Operations-Finance
	l		Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		х	×	Operations-Finance
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	х	х	×	Operations
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E			х		Operations-General Management
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		х	х	×	Operations-Marketing
	I		Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative		х	х	X	Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment
			Increased assets value	Quantitative Qualitative	Assets value	х	х		Finance Finance - Legal dpt

### 3.1.4 Ventilation - MBs LIST

VENTILATION ENERGY SERVICE			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	Departement responsible in the company and
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major ventilation energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!  Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	data source
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Air renewal	m3/h	Motor - drive - fan replacement	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	×	×	x	Operations-Energy
Air heating/cooling	Humidity rate CO2 rate	Adjustement of parameters( hours of use; flow rate)  Automatic control system	Improved equipment performance  Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced Cost of equipment - spending delayed	×	×	×	Operations-Energy Operations-Energy
Impacts	Pollution rate	Heat recovery unit	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - E Quantitative - M/F	Reduction of production losses - redo	×		X X	Operations-Energy Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Heat or cold comfort	Foliation rate	rieat recovery unit	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M/E	pieces produced	×	×	×	Opérations-Qualité Opérations-Qualité
Air quality			areas product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products	_	×	^	Operations-Quante Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
Odors			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		×	×	Finance
Wellness - Health			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	×	×	x	Operations-Quality-Finance
Weiness Treater			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		x	Operations
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)		x	Opérations-EHS
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time	()	×	×	Operations
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		×	х	Operations-Finance
			WASTE & WATER						
			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			х	Energy
			Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)			х	Energy
			Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	×		x	Operations
	1		Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		×	Operations-EHS
1		1	Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		x	Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	×		х	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-EHS
	_		GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	x	х	Operations-Environment
	-		Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	X X	Operations-Environment-Energy Operations-Environment-Energy
	_		MAINTENANCE MAINTENANCE	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		х	Operations-Environment-Energy
	-		MAINTENANCE	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			×	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced	×		×	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			x	Technical Service-Maintenance
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	×	×	х	Operations-EHS
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	×	×	х	Operations-HR-Finance
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	×	x	х	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	×	×	х	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved workforce productivity Reduced absenteism	Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	×	×	×	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-RH-Finance
	-		Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day Insurance premiums reduction	×	×	X X	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-RH-Finance
	+		Reduction or nearth costs  Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			×	Operations-Kin-Finance Operations-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION	Quantitative - C/E	cost or equipment			^	operations-manice
	<b>-</b>		Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
<del>                                     </del>	+	1	Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	degurative - E	Number of accidents / year price forecasts)	×		+	Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
<del>                                     </del>	+	1	Reduced water price risk	┥ .	water price is contractually agreed with	x		+	Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
<del>                                     </del>	+	1	Reduced commercial risk		water price is contractually agreed with	×		+	Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	1		Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	×		t	Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies		and a septiment of the	x			Operations-Risk Assessment
	1		OTHERS						
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	×	×	×	Operations
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	other impact) per incident average nr of years that employees work at	×	×	x	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	1	the company Or				Hr-Finance
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - E/C Quantitative - C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)  Cost of equipment avoided	×	×	x	Operations-Finance
		1	Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			×	Operations-Finance
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		x	х	Operations-Finance
	1		Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	×	×	x	Operations
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E Qualitative (S)		×	×	×	Operations-General Management Operations-Marketing
	1	1	Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S) Qualitative	+	×	×	×	Operations-Marketing Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment
	1	1	Increased Anowiedge of production/auxiliary processes Increased assets value	Qualitative	Assets value	×	×	×	Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment Finance
1	1	1	Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative	Assets value	×	_ ^		Finance - Legal dpt
			contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	quantative		×		×	rinance - cegai upc

## 3.1.5 Cooling-Refr. - MBs LIST

COOLING & REFRIGER	ATION (industr	ial use)		Quantifiable					
			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	(Measure - Calculation -	Suggestions of indicator	Contribu	tion to str	ategicity	Departement responsible in the company
ENERGY SERVICE (Foo	d, medication, i	machinery,)	based on serients identified in past projects)	Estimate)					and and
				Qualitative		Risk	Value		data source
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major cooling & refrigeration energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!  Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Reduc-	prop.	Cost	
		energy-enriciency measures		survey)	(i.e. year/month/day/nour)	tion	Increase	uecrease	
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T* in a defined T* window	Temperature (T*)	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	х	х	х	Operations-Energy
	Humidity rate (HR)	Cold distribution optimisation (insulation, Cold production replacement	Improved equipment performance Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E-M  Quantitative - F	% default pieces/pieces produced  Cost of equipment - spending delayed	х	х	X	Operations-Energy
	Cooling power (KW)	Cold production replacement	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - E Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	×	¥	×	Operations-Energy Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Impact		Heat recovery unit	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	x	×	x	Opérations-Qualité
Product conservation		Renewable cold source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		x		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
Process stability and reliability			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		x	х	Finance
			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	x	х	x	Operations-Quality-Finance
			Reduced raw material need Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		x	Operations
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)  Duration of production time	(x)	x	×	Opérations-EHS Operations
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				Орегилону
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		×	×	Operations-Finance
			WASTE & WATER						
			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			×	Energy
			Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)	×		×	Energy
			Reduced hazardous waste  Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg) turnover)	(x)		X	Operations Operations-EHS
			Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	(x) x		×	Operations-EHS Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	×		×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x		x	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	x	X	Operations-Environment Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	×	Operations-Environment-Energy Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE		, construction of the cons			-	8)
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			x	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost	×		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	i echnical control cost			X	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	х	x	x	Operations-EHS
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	x	х	x	Operations-HR-Finance
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	×	х	х	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved visual comfort Improved workforce productivity	Quant./qualitative Depend on the tasks	Well-being - productivity  Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	x x	×	×	Operations-Quality-HR Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	×	×	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction			x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			х	Operations-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION						
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk	1 :	price forecasts)	х			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced water price risk	<del>- :</del>	which water price is contractually agreed	x x		1	Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced commercial risk  Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	x x			Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			OTHERS						
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	×	×	×	Operations
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	1	other impact) per incident average nr of years that employees work at	<b>-</b>			*
			improved start satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or	×	×	×	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C		x	×	×	Hr-Finance
					Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	×	×		
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			×	Operations-Finance
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - E Quantitative - C	Insurance cost related to risk Number of m2 saved		x	X X	Operations-Finance Operations-Finance
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures		Nr of hours spend on procedures per year *				
				Qualitative - E	wages/hr	×	×	x	Operations
ı			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E			х		Operations-General Management
									Operations-Marketing
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		x	×	X	
			Improved image or reputation Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Increased assets value	Qualitative (S) Qualitative Quantitative	Assets value	x x	X X	x	Operations-Marketing Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment Finance

### 3.1.6 Heating - MBs LIST

				Quantifiable					
HEATING			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS	(Measure -	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	
<b>ENERGY SERVICE(Housing</b>	, office, coo	oking, process)	(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Calculation -		Contrib	ution to sur	stegicity	Departement responsible in the company
	,,	8, р		Estimate)					and
				Qualitative		Risk	Value		data source
Functions / Impacts	Technical narameters	Major heating	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!  Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Reduc-	prop.	Cost	
	parameters	energy-efficiency measures	Some benefits are the same under different names	survey)	(i.e. year/month/day/hour)	tion	Increase	decrease	
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Heat production: industrial processes	T*	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	x	x	×	Operations-Energy
Heat production: cooking	Power KW	Primary heat T° level reduction	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	x	×	x	Operations-Energy
Heat production: space heating		Heat distribution optimisation	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			×	Operations-Energy
Heat comfort		Automatic system control(Sensor)	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	x	x	x	Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Stable T* in a defined T* window		Heat production replacement	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	×	×	×	Opérations-Qualité
		Use of recovery heat source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		x		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
		Use of renewable heat source	Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		×	×	Finance
Impacts			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	x	x	x	Operations-Quality-Finance
Product quality, conservation	Decibels (dB)	1	Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		x	Operations
Cooking quality	Decibera (GD)				(iii torine/year) costs or material (iii				
Sanitary risk		1	Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)	1		Opérations-EHS
Noise	1		Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time	(4)	×	×	Operations
O American	1	†	Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - IVI	Output total/input total	1	×	×	Operations-Finance
			WASTE & WATER	Qualititative - C			^	^	Operations - Hidrice
		<u> </u>	Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			v	Energy
	1	<del> </del>	Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M		<del></del>		×	
	1	<del> </del>	Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat) (kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	×		×	Energy Operations
	1	<del> </del>	Reduced nazardous waste Reduced water consumption					×	
			Reduced courses volume	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	turnover) Quantity (total or as % of production)	(x)		×	Operations Engrav Environment
	1	<del> </del>	Reduced course pollution lovel	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Composition	×		×	Operations-Energy-Environment Operations-Environment
	+	+	Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-Environment Operations-Environment
		H	Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-Environment Operations-EHS
				Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % or production)	_ ×		х	Uperations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS	Quantitative - M		×			Onerations-Environment
			Reduced dust emissions		Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	х	
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)		×	х	Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		х	Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance	Ь——		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost	×		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost	-		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
		<del> </del>	WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
		<del> </del>	Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	×	х	х	Operations-EHS
	-	<del></del>	Improved thermal comfort	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example) Well-being	×	×	X X	Operations-HR-Finance Operations-Quality-HR
	+	+	Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	×	Х	Х	Operations-Quality-HR Operations-Quality-HR
	-	<del></del>	Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	×	X	X	Operations-Quality-HK Operations-RH-Finance
		†	Improved workforce productivity Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day		×	×	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-RH-Finance
		†	Reduction of health costs						
	+	+				×	^		
			Reduced good for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction  Cost of equipment	×		×	Operations-RH-Finance
		+	Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction Cost of equipment	×	^	×	
			RISK REDUCTION	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment		*	x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease		Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year	×	*	X X	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)	×	^	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year	×	^	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced CO2 and energy price risks Reduced water price risk Reduced commercial risk	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed	×	*	x	Operations-Rit-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			AISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk  Reduced legal risk	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)	x x		x	Operations-Ri-Finance  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operation-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk  Reduced evater price risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced legal risk	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed	x x x x x	*	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			SISK BEDICTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk and energy price risks Reduced water price risk Reduced water price risk Reduced disupption of energy supply risk Reduced disupption of (other) supplies	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes	x x x x		x	Operations-Ri-Finance  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operation-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced water price risks Reduced water price risk Reduced leign risk Reduced disruption of energy supply risk Reduced disruption of [other] supplies OTHERS	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)	x x x x x		x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			SISK BEDICTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk and energy price risks Reduced water price risk Reduced water price risk Reduced disupption of energy supply risk Reduced disupption of (other) supplies	Quantitative - C/E qualitative - E  " " " "	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	x x x x x		x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced Water price risk  Reduced	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)	x x x x x	x	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced water price risks Reduced water price risk Reduced leign risk Reduced disruption of energy supply risk Reduced disruption of [other] supplies OTHERS	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  "  "  "  Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year ance forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average nor of years that employees work at	x x x x x x x x x x	x	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease neticed CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  OTHERS  Increased installation safety  Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Quantitative - C/E qualitative - E  " " " "	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts] which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident	x x x x x		x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced Water price risk  Reduced	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  "  "  "  Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year ance forecasts) which water price is contractually agreed number of iawauts or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average nor of years that employees work at the company Or	x x x x x x x x x x	x	x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease neticed CO2 and energy price risks  Reduced water price risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  OTHERS  Increased installation safety  Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  " " " " " Quantitative - C  Qualitative - C  Quantitative = C  Quantitative = C  Quantitative = E/C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year outce forecasts) which water price is contractually aereed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption ratel  nor finished the price of the price of the price of the price or of incidents per year * average costs for other impact princident average nor dy wan that employees work at the company Or  Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x	x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			RISK EDUCTION  Adduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and energy price risks  reduced CO2 and energy price risks  reduced water price risk  Reduced large risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disrup	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year ance forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of iawauts or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average nor of year that employees work at the company Or  Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x	x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment HR Hr-Finance Operations-Finance
			RISKERDUCTION  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced water price risk  Reduced disease  Reduced staff staff turnover  Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  "  Quantitative - C  Qualitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year potce forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed  number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  or of incidents per year "average costs (or other impact) per incident average not year that employees work at the company Or  Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x	x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			BISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and nergy price risks  reduced CO2 and nergy price risks  reduced where price risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  OTHOS  Unreased installation safety  Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty  Reduced disruption of energy supplies  Reduced disruption of Reduced Re	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year grice forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed  number of iawauts or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average nr of years that employees work at the company Or  Employee satisfaction (based on survey)  Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk  Number of m2 sawad	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x	x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment HR Hr-Finance Operations-Finance
			RISKERDUCTION  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced water price risk  Reduced disease  Reduced staff staff turnover  Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  "  Quantitative - C  Qualitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - E/C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  for of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average is of years that employees work at the company or Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk Number of m2 saved Williams on procedures per year * Nor of hours speadour	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x	x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment
			BISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced CO2 and nergy price risks  reduced CO2 and nergy price risks  reduced where price risk  Reduced legal risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  OTHOS  Unreased installation safety  Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty  Reduced disruption of energy supplies  Reduced disruption of Reduced Re	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  "  "  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative ©  Quantitative - E/C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year grice forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed  number of iawauts or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average nr of years that employees work at the company Or  Employee satisfaction (based on survey)  Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk  Number of m2 sawad	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x	x x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Operations-Risk Assessment  Operations-Risk Operations-Ris
			RISKERDUCTION  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced fisk of accident and occupational disease  Reduced water price risk  Reduced disupption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies  OTHERS  Increased installation safety  Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty  Reduced staff turnover  Reduced staff copies expensions  Reduced manual space of turnover occupations  Reduced manual space o	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  " " Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E  Quantitative - E  Quantitative - E  Quantitative - C  Qualitative - E  Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  for of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average is of years that employees work at the company or Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk Number of m2 saved Williams on procedures per year * Nor of hours speadour	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Department Operations-Risk
			BISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  reduced CO2 and nenery price risks  reduced SO2 and nenery price risks  reduced discount of the source	Quantitative - C/E qualitative - E  " Quantitative - C Qualitative - C Qualitative - C Quantitative - C Quantitative - E/C Quantitative - E Quantitative - C Quantitative - C Quantitative - C Qualitative - E Qualitative - E Qualitative - E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  for of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average is of years that employees work at the company or Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk Number of m2 saved Williams on procedures per year * Nor of hours speadour	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Risk Operations-Risk Risk Risk Operations-Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk
			RISK EIDCUTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced CO2 and energy price risks Reduced Risk of Reduced Risk Reduced Redu	Quantitative - C/E  qualitative - E  " " Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - C  Quantitative - E  Qualitative - E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  or of incidents per year "average costs (or other impact) per incident average in of years that employees work at the consain Or Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided Cost of equipment avoided Number of m2 saved Number of m	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-General Management Operations-General Management Operations-Marketing Operations-Operations-Marketing Operations-Operations-Marketing
			BISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease  reduced CO2 and nenery price risks  reduced SO2 and nenery price risks  reduced discount of the source	Quantitative - C/E qualitative - E  " Quantitative - C Qualitative - C Qualitative - C Quantitative - C Quantitative - E/C Quantitative - E Quantitative - C Quantitative - C Quantitative - C Qualitative - E Qualitative - E Qualitative - E	Cost of equipment  Number of accidents / year price forecasts)  which water price is contractually agreed number of lawsuits or legal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)  for of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident average is of years that employees work at the company or Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided insurance cost related to risk Number of m2 saved Williams on procedures per year * Nor of hours speadour	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Finance Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Risk Operations-Risk Risk Risk Operations-Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk

### 3.1.7 Hot Water - MBs LIST

HOT WATER ENERGY SERVICE(Hous	ing, Kitcher	n, laundry, process)	BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	Departement responsible in the company and
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major hot water energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	data source
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T* in a defined T* window	T*	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	x	x	х	Operations-Energy
	Flow (L/min)	flow reduction	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	×	×	x	Operations-Energy
	Power (KW)	Heat distribution optimisation (insulation,	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			х	Operations-Energy
		Use of recovery heat source	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	×	×	х	Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Impacts		Use of renewable heat source	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	×	×	х	Opérations-Qualité
Comfort		Heat production replacement	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		x		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
legionellosis risk		Limestone control system	Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		х	х	Finance
Water quality (limestone)	<b>.</b>		Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	×	x	х	Operations-Quality-Finance
	<b>.</b>		Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		х	Operations
	+		Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)	×	х	Opérations-EHS
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time		X	х	Operations
	1		Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product) Output total/input total			_	Operations Figures
	1	+	Increased production yields WASTE & WATER	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		×	×	Operations-Finance
	+	1	Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			×	Energy
	1	1	Used waste heat	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production) Quantity (% of total waste heat)			x	Energy Energy
	1	1	Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	×		×	Operations
	+		Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		×	Operations-EHS
	1		Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	X X		×	Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	×		x	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x		х	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	х	Operations-Environment
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x	x	х	Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x		х	Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced	х		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
	1		WORKING ENVIRONMENT				×	×	
	<b>+</b>		Reduced noise	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure Number of particles /m2 (example)	×	×	×	Operations-EHS Operations-HR-Finance
	+		Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	×	×	×	Operations-Pirance Operations-Quality-HR
	+		Improved triefinal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	×	×	×	Operations-Quality-HR
	1		Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks		×	×	×	Operations - RH-Finance
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	×	x	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction			×	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			x	Operations-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION						
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed	x			Operations-Risk Assessment
	1		Reduced commercial risk			×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	x			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			x			Operations-Risk Assessment
			OTHERS						
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident	×	x	×	Operations
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or	×	×	×	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	×	x	×	Hr-Finance
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			×	Operations-Finance
	<b> </b>		Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			х	Operations-Finance
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Quantitative - C Qualitative - E	Number of m2 saved  Nr of hours spend on procedures per year *	×	x	×	Operations-Finance Operations
	1	<del> </del>	Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E	wages/hr		×		Operations-General Management
	1	1	Improved image or regulation	Qualitative - E Qualitative (S)		¥	×	×	Operations-General Management Operations-Marketing
	1	1	Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative (5)		X	X	X	Operations-Warketing Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment
	1		Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value	×	×		Finance
	1		Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative		×		×	Finance - Legal dpt
		1		Qualitative	1	_ ^			r mance segal upt

## 3.1.8 Automated pr. - MBs LIST

AUTOMATED PROCES & COMMUNICATION ENERGY SERVICE(Offi	TECHNOLO	OGIES	MULTIPLE BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	Departement responsible in the company and
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major automated processing of information & communication energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	data source
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Voltage stability	T°	Development of monitoring system	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	х	×	x	Operations-Energy
Information storage	KWh	Development of measure, control &	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	х	×	x	Operations-Energy
Electric protection (continuity of	Voltage V	Development of centralized technical	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			х	Operations-Energy
	Power KW		Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	х	х	х	Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
Impacts			Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	х	х	х	Opérations-Qualité
Strategic security	-		Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		х		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		х	х	Finance
			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	X	×	×	Operations-Quality-Finance
	<b> </b>		Reduced raw material need Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in (nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)		x	Operations Opérations-EHS
				Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Duration of production time	(x)	×	×	Operations Operations
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time) Increased production volume	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)		×	х	Operations
			Increased production volume Increased production yields	Quantitative - M Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		×	×	Operations-Finance
	<b> </b>		WASTE & WATER	quantitative - C	output total/input total		X	×	Operations-r Marice
	1		Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			x	Energy
	1		Re-used waste heat	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production) Quantity (% of total waste heat)			×	Energy
	1		Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	×		x	Operations
	l		Reduced nazardous waste  Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		×	Operations Operations-EHS
	1		Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	(A)		X	Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	X		X	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	X		X	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	X		x	Operations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	x	x	х	Operations-Environment
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	X	x	x	Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	X		X	Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced	х		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure	х	х	х	Operations-EHS
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	х	x	х	Operations-HR-Finance
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	X	х	х	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	X X	X X	X X	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved workforce productivity Reduced absenteism	Depend on the tasks Quantitative - C/E	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not) Sickness absence days x cost per day	X	X	×	Operations-RH-Finance Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction	^	^	×	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			x	Operations-Finance
	1		RISK REDUCTION	againment C/L					aparation . Hitting
	1		Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	x			Operations-Risk Assessment
	l		Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	"	nrice forecasts)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
	1		Reduced water price risk			×			Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	<del>                                     </del>		Reduced commercial risk		water price is contractually agreed with	X			Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	l		Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	×			Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	l		Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	x			Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	<b> </b>		Reduced disruption of energy supply risk  Reduced disruption of (other) supplies		electricity supply disruption rate;		-	-	Operations-Risk Assessment Operations-Risk Assessment
	<b> </b>		OTHERS			х			Operations-NISK ASSESSMENT
	<del>                                     </del>		Increased installation safety		nr of incidents per year * average costs (or				
			increased installation salety	Quantitative - C	other impact) per incident	х	x	х	Operations
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	<b>+</b>	average nr of years that employees work at				
			improved stati satisfaction and toyaky	Qualitative ©	the company Or	х	x	х	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	x	х	х	Hr-Finance
	1		Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			x	Operations-Finance
	1		Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			X	Operations-Finance
	1		Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		х	×	Operations-Finance
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	x	x	x	Operations
	Ì		Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E			x		Operations-General Management
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		х	x	х	Operations-Marketing
			Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative		x	x	x	Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment
									Finance
			Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value	x	x		Finance

### 3.1.9 Motive Power - MBs LIST

			1	,					T
MOTIVE POWER ENE	RGY SERVICE			Quantifiable					
(ENGINES, DRIVES &	DISTRIBUTIO	N NETWORK)	BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS	(Measure -	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	
*		*	(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Calculation -					Departement responsible in the company
using electric, pneum	iatic, hydraul	lic technologies		Estimate)					and
	Technical	Major motive power	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!	Qualitative	To be related to a time period	Risk	Value	Cost	data source
Functions / impacts	parameters	energy-efficiency measures	Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff	(i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Reduc-	prop.	decrease	
	parameters	energy-eniciency measures	Some benefits are the same under different fiames	survey)	(i.e. year/month/day/nour)	tion	Increase	ueu ease	
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Flexibility	Flow	Adjustement to operating hours	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	×	x	×	Operations-Energy
Power availability	Power (KW)	Motor replacement	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	×	x	x	Operations-Energy
Time availabity	Operating point	Drive replacement	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed				Operations-Energy
		Drive network optimisation	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo	×	x		Operations-Quality-Marketing & Sales
		Development of an automatic control and regulation	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced	×	х	х	Opérations-Qualité
Impacts			Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		х		Operations-Production manager-Marketing & Sales
Productivity			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		×	×	Finance
Continuity			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	×	×	×	Operations-Quality-Finance
	ļ		Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	(x)		×	Operations
	-		Reduced consumables  Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	(x)		×	Opérations-EHS
	<del> </del>			Quantitative - M	Duration of production time		х	×	Operations
	1		Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product) Output total/input total		×	×	Operations-Finance
	1		Increased production yields WASTE & WATER	quantitative - C	Osepus total/iliput total		×	×	орегация папсе
	1		Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			×	Energy
	1		I cort waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (% of total waste heat)			×	Energy
	1		Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	¥		×	Operations Control of the Control of
	1		Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		x	Operations-EHS
	1		Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	(x) x		×	Operations-Energy-Environment
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	×		x	Operations-Environment
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		×	Operations-EHS
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	x	×	Operations-Environment
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	х	×	Operations-Environment-Energy
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		x	Operations-Environment-Energy
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			×	Technical Service-Maintenance
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced	×		х	Technical Service-Maintenance
	1		Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			х	Technical Service-Maintenance
	<del> </del>								
	<del> </del>		Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure  Number of particles /m2 (example)	×	X	×	Operations-HR-Finance
	+		Improved thermal comfort	Quantitative - IVI	Well-heing	· ·	× ×	×	Operations-Quality-HR
	1		Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	Ŷ	×	×	Operations-Quality-HR
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks		×	×	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	×	х	x	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction			×	Operations-RH-Finance
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			x	Operations-Finance
			RISK REDUCTION						
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)	x			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced water price risk		water price is contractually agreed with	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced commercial risk			×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			×			Operations-Risk Assessment
			OTHERS						
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	×	×	×	Operations
	1			1	other impact) per incident				
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or	×	×	x	HR
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	×	×	x	Hr-Finance
	1		Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided			x	Operations-Finance
			Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk			×	Operations-Finance
	1		Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		×	×	Operations-Finance
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	×	×	×	Operations
	+		Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E			×		Operations-General Management
								-	
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		×	x	x	Operations-Marketing
			Improved image or reputation Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative (S) Qualitative		×	x x	x	Operations-Marketing Operations-Quality-Energy-Environment
					Assets value	x x			

## 3.2 Quantifying and valuing MB

Energy-	Efficiency Measure Title:							
Descript								
	Valu	ne de dition						
			Analysis to be					
			made for each EEM					
	Costs	Risks						
	Multiple benefits contributing		КРІ	Data	Nature of the data			Quantitative
	to Risk decrease	Description / comments	(Key Performance Indicator)	(Variable to measure	(Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (Dpt in the company)	result in Value o Cost cells
MBR1					Qualitative			
MBR2					Qualitative			
MBR3					Qualitative			
MBR4					Qualitative			
MBR5					Qualitative			
					Qualitative			
	Multiple Benefits contributing to Value or Value proposition increase	Description / comments	KPI (Key Performance Indicator)	Data (Variable to measure	Nature of the data (Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (company's department)	Quantitative result
MBV1								
MBV2								
MBV3								
MBV4								
MBV5								
	Multiple Benefits contributing to Cost decrease	Description / comments	KPI (Key Performance Indicator)	Data (Variable to measure	Nature of the data (Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (company's department)	Quantitative result
MBC1								
MBC2								
МВС3								
MBC4								
MBC5								

### 4. MBs Financial evaluation

Step 4 - Multiple Bo	enefits Fi	nancia	al Ana	lysis					
Investment project (EEM or grouped EEMs):									
Hypotheses for the calculations	t0	t1	t2	t3	t4 (El	t5 JR)	t6	t7	Т8
Initial capital spending (CAPEX) in t0	0,0								
Additional capital spending - t1 to Tn	0,0								
Subsidy	0,0								
Terminal value									0,0
Average cost of saved energy (EUR/KWh) net of TVA	0,0								
Estimated energy savings (Electric KWh/year)	Kwh								
Estimated energy savings (Thermal KWh/year)	Kwh								
Estimated energy savings (Thermal KWh/year)  Energy benefits (EB = energy costs reduction):	Kwh								
- Electricity		. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Thermique (natural gas)		. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Thermique (heating fuel)		. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL EBs :		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-energy benefits (NEBs)									
- NEB1 :	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB2 :		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB3 : - NEB4 :	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB4 : - NEB5 :		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NEBs :		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Information to ask to Accounting-Finance Department									
Straight-line depreciation Duration in years :	0								
Discount rate Rate in %:	0%								
Investment duration (i.e. nr of years included in the calculations Nr of years:	0								
Corporate tax Rate in %:	0%								
Depreciation	t0	t1	t2	t3	t4 (El	t5 JR)	t6	t7	Т8
	0.0								
Capital expenditure (initial and additional)  Depreciation of inital investment made in t = 0	0,0	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!
Depreciation of additional capital expenditure made in t = 1		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Total depreciation		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Book value of fixed assets		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Revenues	t0	t1	t2	t3	t4 (El	t5 JR)	t6	t7	Т8
Total gross revenues of Multiple Benefits of energy-efficiency investment:					(	,			
- Total energy benefits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Total non-energy benefits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL gross revenue of investment		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Net income before taxes		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Taxes Net income after taxes		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!
Depreciation Depreciation		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Free cash-flows after taxes		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Investment free cash-flows	t0	t1	t2	t3	t4 (El	t5 JR)	t6	t7	Т8
Cash-flow after taxes		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Capital expenditure	0		#DIV/0:	#PIV/U!	#D1V/U!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/U!	#DIV/U!	#B14/0!
Terminal value in year T									0
Terminal value after taxes in year T									0
Investment free cash-flows		#P#//c+	#D0461	#D#461	#D04461	#D04/61	#D04464	#D04/61	#DD4461
mivestment free cash-nows	0		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
	5%								
NPV (Net Present Value) 8 years @ 5%	#DIV/0!	!							
NPV (Net Present Value) 8 years @ 8%	#DIV/0!								
IRR (Internal rate of return)	#WERT!								
Payback in years :	#DIV/0!								

Tyro d'APE	Type of measure	Guidelines	Examples	Colonne1
Management de l'énergie	Energy management  Energy metering & monitoring		Mise en place de Torganisation DeSignation fun presponsable Ebabissement d'une charte énergie DeBillonis d'indicateurs e fination d'objectifs Ebaboration d'un plan d'actions Formation d'un groupe de ravail Mise en place d'un système de prime à l'efficacité energétique Mode de comprasaion des offices en codis totaux Elc. Mise en place de compteurs supplémentaires et organisation des relevés	Coloniary Bro management system Settlement of an energy management representative Establishment of an energy management representative Establishment of an energy pairie Stating objectives and defining indicators Development of an action plan Esc.  Settling dupliches and defining indicators Settling up of additional counters and meter reading planning
l'énergie			Logiciel d'analyse de signatures Exploitation des domnées sous supervision, etc. Plan de mesure et de verification selon IPMVP Etc.	Energy consumption analysis software IPMVP monitoring and control plan Etc.
	People's behavior	people (production line operators, hotel customers, etc.), as a replacement or complement to the implementation of automation (hardware and / or software) to reduce unnecessary services (standby losses, etc.)	Bulletin d'information et l'ou affichage Campagne de sensibilisation / conscientisation Discrète concernant la mise en pause temporaire des équipements Toute action visant des économies par un changement de comportement des utilisateurs,	Bulletin board or nowsletter Awareness-railsing campaign Directive on Temporary Pause of Equipment Any action aimed at energy savings through a change in user behavior
	the equipment and installations	Preventive (or curative) maintenance plan aiming at keeping existing equipment at the best efficiency and quality.  Choose this category when the organized planning aspect of the performance / default is predominant, as opposed to an occasional replacement of defective equipment, without a plan	Calibration des capteurs Campagne de defende de défauls (futies AC, purges vapeur défectueux, etc.) et remplacement Neuforgae systématique d'echangeurs Rénovation de calorifugeage défecteux existant.	Calibration of the sensors Defect detection campaign Systematic cleaning of exchangers Renovation of existing defective thermal insulation.
Optimisation consignes contrôle / commande	Optimisation of control / command setpoints	Optimization of the operation of equipment and installations by working on setpoint instructions, schedules, etc., without modifying the principles / control loops or control systems, without addition of additional sensor / detector, without new module setting (as opposed to improving the monitoring, control and surveillance system)	Modification (restriction) des horaires de fonctionnement des luminaires, des ventilations, otc.  Changement de consigne de lemperature, d'humidité relative, etc.  Rollevement de la température de consigne de départ d'aus glacie  Rollevement de la térepance d'un conventisseur, ou passage en petite vitiesse  Abassessemet de la pressión de consigne de la production d'articomprime	Modification (restriction) of the operating hours of luminaires, ventilation, etc. Change of temperature sopion, freative humbildy, etc. Reducing the frequency of a converter, or switching to low speed Lowering the set
	Optimisation of production planning	Changing the spatial or temporal organization of activities to save emergy and /r cock (Demand Side Management)	Réorganisation Tagencement des zones de production pour valoriser des synergies energéliques (reporther les zones), eliment les potres (zones combermiques dams des bătiments mai isoles), optimism les flux de matièren, con- feduction des consommations par erregionaission du planning de production, schedule des opérations ou des recettes (recettes compatibles reduisant le nombre de cyples de CIP, lois de plus grande talles de controlles de pour réduire ou supprimer le nombre d'impressions. Changement de prociedare pour réduire ou supprimer le nombre d'impressions Reprogrammation d'arthibles en période turfaire HC. recours sus sibicage des gace pour la production de troit.  Cestion l'imitation de la pulssance de pointe par délestage, etc.  Récicholating de procédes pour réduire les pointes de débit de vapeur, d'électriché, etc.	Reorganization of the layout of the production areas to enhance energy symmetries (bringing the zones closer layorish), limiting losses (exclimetime areas in proxy insulated buildings), optimizing the flow of material, etc. Reducing consumption by reorganization of the production schedule Change of procedure. Regularization of the production schedule Change of procedure (Regularization of the production of child Change of procedure (Regularization of the production of cold. Management / Imitiation of peak power by load shedding, etc. Rescheduling processes to reduce peaks in steam flow, electricity, etc.
·	Improvement of the monitoring, control and regulation system / concept	(reduction of useless services); Improvement of the setting strategy by adding new functionalities	installation de communitation par zone (citairage). Intentaliation de delicutes de presence ou de passage pour enclencher / déclencher des Installations (purmiantes, ventilation, etc.). Intentaliation de calcitures de grandeurs pressonataives de l'occupation (CO2, humidité) ou de gaz traceur en vue de géré le cétal de ventilation. Caccione descrinage de dégièrage (basé sur la mesure de la formation de givro) de Calciu de température de bulbe humides pour gérer la consignée de température de condensation. Un salation de vannes thermostaliques peut aussi être assimilée comme une action de type Amelior MCR. Modification de la cascade d'enclenchement de compresseurs d'un groupe froit, des ventilateurs de tours , etc. pour privilégier le fonctionnement en charge partielle	
Amélioration perform. équipements existants	Improvement of the existing equipment performance	The goal of the eem is loss reduction and not heat recovery.	etc.	Reduction of losses by insulation of initially uninsulated pipe portions, valves, stc. Painting walks and certain just light color octouche the required light Reduction of air infillration by setting up batten seals, passage blocking, etc. Increases (without regionement) of the insulation thichness of with sail not ook Suppression of localized cold bridges. Addition of a fee colonial module on an existing refrigeration unit Air detainmation in high rooms. Installation of voltage reducing transformer (network optimizer) for luminatre supply installation of voltage reducing transformer (network optimizer) for luminatre supply
Récup. / revalorisation de chaleur ou froid	Heat / cold recovery and / reuse	Improved operating performance of existing equipment and facilities by simple heat recovery.	Installation d'une roue récupératrice ou échangeur air neuf / air extrait, etc. Adjonction d'un module de free-cooling sur groupe froid existant. Récupération de chaleur sur effluents.	Saver installation on boiler Installation of a recovery wheel or fresh air exchanger / extract air, etc. Addition of a free-cooling module on an existing refrigeration unit. Heat recovery on compressed air
	processes	ystem to optimize the overall efficiency of this system. Changes without replacement, or limited replacement, of system elements.	Ricupiration de chaleur sur air comprime Quinisation de la quoduction/distribution de froid: compresseur en HP flottante et optimisation des aéro-condenseurs, modification hytraulique 3V = 2V, lempstrature de depart gléssarte, jour de pomper en partielle pour le fronctionnement en charge partielle et ou ajout de variatieur de fréquence, etc. Optimisation de la production/distribution de chaleur, visant par ex. à garantir une température de retour -50°C pour permettre une condensation des gaz de combustion Augmentation de la tieneur en matière seiche d'un produit à sicher à l'entrée d'un spray dyer	Optimization of the production / distribution of cold Optimization of the production (/ distribution of heat, aiming eg. to guarantee a return temperature-50° to tableva condensation of the combustion gases increasing the dry matter content of a product to be dried at the entrance of a spray dryer
performant	Replacement of the existing equipment by a more efficient one		Remplacement d'une vielle chauditre surdimensionnée par une chaudière modulante à condensation.  Remplacement de luminaires par luminaires plus performants (mais de type de source lumineuse identique).  Remplacement de moteur par moteur de demière génération (IE3 ou IE4-VF).  Remplacement de fenitéres ou de vitrages.  Reflection totale de footsident thermique.	Replacement of an oversized old boiler with a modulating condensing boiler Replacement of liminates with more efficient luminaires (but of the same type of light source). Engine replacement by latest generation engine Replacement of windows or gluzing Total resovation of the thermal insulation
·	Adoption of new technology or solution	Replacement of current technology (whether in "production", distribution, "consonior" of energy or un loopstation) with a different / more efficient technology or solution (it is not an action on the mix of resources).	Four à induction plutot que combustion instalation d'une opinieration plutot que chaudière Remplacement d'une production contralisée d'ECS par une production décentralisée Remplacement d'un groupe ford à compression par un système à absorption Recous à adile active et refroiséssement adiabatique en remplacement de groupe froid à compression. Remplacement de luminaires par luminaires pus performants (et de ype de source luminaises identifique) Recours à un procéde / technologie de production différente.	induction furnace rather than combustion installation of a City Tarber than a boiler Replacement of a centralized production of DHW by decentralized production Replacement of a compression chiller with an absorption system
Intégration énergétique	Energy integration	Recalibration / recycling actions / systematic use of cascade heat resulting from a system analysis of the Pinch analysis type.	Réseau d'échange de chaleur (échangeur et tout ce qui va autour), PAC, cogen, unité de conversion d'énergie, etc.	
ressources  Optimisation contrat approvis./	Change in the resources mix  Optimisation of supply contract or tariffs	Substitution of energy vector or type of energy, use of renewable energies, heat pump using environment (lar, water, soil)  Action to reduce the average price of energy.	Valorisation energetique de déchets (methenisation) Recours la blomasse Production solaire photovoltaique Production solaire thermique Restroid Second up gar natural Res	
	Debottlenecking of utilities / production capacity	Investment in additional production capacity (if possible with higher performance than existing equipment / systems, which enables to		
		improve the average energy performance)		

# **Case study analysis**

The Excel file presented in the next pages comprises specific analytical tools to receive the results of the Multiple Benefits analysis.

### Analysis of the company Step 1.1 - Business Model Canvas

https://www.strategyzer.com/canvas/business-model-canvas

Key Partners	8	Key Activities	Value Proposi	tions 🏝	Customer Relationships *	Customer Segments
		Key Resources	4		Channels 89	
Cost Structure			•	Revenue Stree	arra	
						(©Strategyz

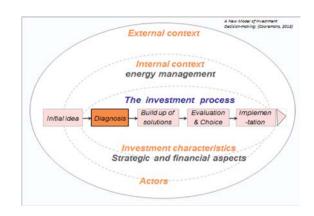
Blocks to be analyzed
Customer segments
Value proposition(s) - one for each customer segment
Tallac proposition(b) one for each factories organization
Key activities (nb: not to be confused with the company's activity)
Key resources
ncy resources
Cost structure
Income structure
income structure

#### Analysis of the company Step 1.2 - Decision-making drivers

Energy management level (the higher the better)	Score	Scale
Energy intensity		
Which percentage do your energy consumption		
total costs represent in % of your turnover:		
NB: one point is given IF an answer is given whatever the figure		yes = 1 / no = 0
Did your company make a commitment of a continuous reduction of its energy consumption		yes = 2 / no = 0
Did your company undertake any of the following tasks in relation with energy use:		
- Evaluation of energy performance (benchmarking)		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Definition of baseline		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Definition of key performance indicators		yes = 2 / no = 0
- Definition of energy policy		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Setting of measurable goals regarding energy consumption reduction		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Definition and setting of measures to reach the goals defined		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Data collection regarding goals achievement		yes = 1 / no = 0
Which ressources have been allocated to energy-efficiency measures		
implementation :		
- Human resources (i.e. project team)		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Financial resources		yes = 1 / no = 1
- Technical resources (i.e. meters)		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Electronic resources (i.e. software)		yes = 1 / no = 0
Energy manager :		
- Does the company have an energy manager		yes = 2 / no = 0
- Does the energy manager perform other functions in your company		yes = -1 / no = 0
- If yes, which one		
Does your company have an internal communication on energy issues		yes = 1 / no = 0
Did your company organize the following systems and procedures in		
relation with its energy policy:		1 .
- Training system for staff		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Reward system		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Monitoring system of the results in goals reaching		yes = 1 / no = 0
- Revising goals procedure		yes = 1 / no = 0
Does your company outsource facility management		yes = -1 / no = 0
TOTAL	0	Maximum score

NEGATIVE FACTORS		
Please rate the negative influence of the following factors on energy- efficient technologies adoption (1 = the less important - 4 = the most important	Score	Scale
Energy & technology		
Energy costs are not sufficiently important		1-4
Energy efficiency has low priority		1-4
Current installations are sufficiently efficient		1-4
No good overview of existing technologies		1-4
Uncertainty regarding technologies quality		1-4
Investment cycle		
New technology can only be implemented when existing technology must be replaced		1-4
Finance		
Internal constraints on the budget		1-4
No loan possible when no core business investment		1-4
TOTAL		Maximum score = 32 pts

POSITIVE FACTORS		
Please rate the positive influence of the following factors on energy-		
efficient technologies adoption	Score	Scale
(1 = the less important - 4 = the most important		
Physical resources		
The company owns its facilities/building(s)		yes = 1
The company owns its racinates/ banding(s)		no = 0
Even if tenant, influence is possible on large technical systems consuming		yes = 1
energy		no = 0
A périodicity is defined for renovation		yes = 1
of sales area or offices		no = 0
If there is a defined periodicity, what is its duration:		nr. years
Management systems	Score	Scale
Is your company certified:		
- ISO 9001 (quality)		yes = 1 / no = 0
- ISO 31000 (risks)		yes = 1 / no = 0
- ISO 50001 (energy management)		yes = 1 / no = 0
Did the company establish an Environmental Management System (EMS)		yes = 1 / no = 0
Management support	Score	Scale
Is there a Senior manager appointed to sponsor the		1/ 0
energy audit program or the energy management action plan		yes = 1 / no = 0
TOTAL		Maximum score = 7 pts



0-5
6-10
11-18
19-22

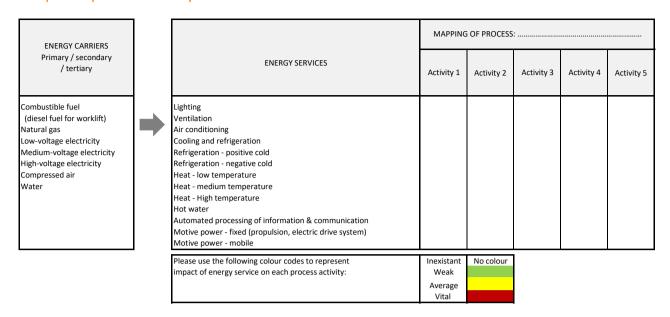
Interpretation of results	Score
The higher the score, the higher the barriers to energy-efficiency investments in a company	0-32

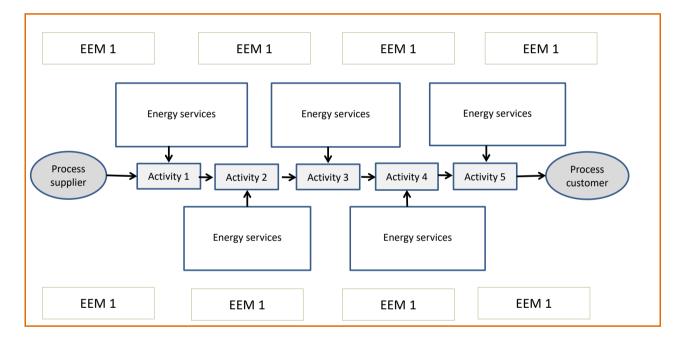
Interpretation of results	Score
The higher the score, the higher the positive drivers to energy- efficiency investments or to the Multiple Benefits approach in a	0-7
company.	

Step 2.1 Energy analysis

Post-installation energy benefits summary
• % improvement
annual energy consumption savings:
Electricity savings: KWh EUR:
Natural gas savings: KWh EUR:
Fuel oil savings: KWh EUR:

Step 2.2 Operational analysis



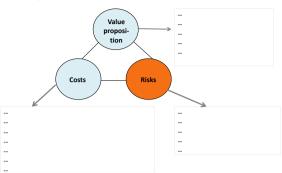


### 3.1.1 MBs All energy services

	Quantifiable				
BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS	(Measure -	Example of indicator			
(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Calculation -	Example or indicator	Contrib	oution to str	ategicity
(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Estimate)				
	Qualitative		Risk	Value	
Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!	(Evaluation -Staff	To be related to a time period	Reduc-	prop.	Cost
Some benefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff survey)	(i.e. year/month/day/hour)	tion	Increase	decreas
PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS	survey)		0011	ilicrease	
Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects			
Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - M	% default pieces/pieces produced			
Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			
Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo			
Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced			
Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products			
Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall			
Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time			
Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in			
Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)			
Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time			
Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)			
Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total			
WASTE & WATER					
Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Used waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)			
Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)			
Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)			
Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition			
Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
GAZEOUS EMISSIONS					
Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions MAINTENANCE	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced			
Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear Reduced engineering control cost		Technical control cost			
WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			
Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure			
Air quality improvement of ambient air	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)			
Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being			
Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity			
Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)			
Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day			
Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction			
Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			
RISK REDUCTION					
Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year			
Reduced CO2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)			
Reduced water price risk		water price is contractually agreed with			
Reduced commercial risk					
Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes			
Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)			
Reduced disruption of (other) supplies					
OTHERS					
	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or			
Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	other impact) per incident			
	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at	_		
Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty		the company Or			
	Quantitative - E/C	L	l	1	
Reduced staff turnover		Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	-	-	
Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided		-	-
Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk		-	-
Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved		-	-
Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr	l		
Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E	wages) in		<u> </u>	<b>—</b>
Improved image or reputation	Qualitative - E Qualitative (S)		<b>-</b>	-	
	Qualitative				
Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes					
Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative	Assets value			
ncreased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes ncreased assets value Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting		Assets value			

#### e use the following colour codes in illis: trategic value: no colour k strategic value: green age strategic value: yellow istrategic value: red

### Assessing multiple benefits of EEM



## 3.1.2 Lighting - MBs LIST

LIGHTING ENERGY SERVICE			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	aution to str	ategicity	Please use the following colour codes in the cells:
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major lighting energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	- average strategic value: yellow
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						4
Lux	Lumen	Light-bulbing replacement (led)	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
Light temperature	T*K (kelvin)	Operating hours reduction(Sensors)  Luminaire replacement (led)	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M Quantitative - E	% default pieces/pieces produced Cost of equipment - spending delayed		-		
Colour rendering properties	Power W operating hours	Luminaire replacement (led) Automatic control lighting system	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - E Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo		-		
	operating nours	Automatic control lighting system	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M/E	% of conformity to specifications/total of				-
Impacts			Targer product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products				/ Value \
Heat emission			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	Number of product recalls x cost of				proposia
Colour transforming properties			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time				
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	% raw materials - production volume				tion
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				
<b> </b>		l	WASTE & WATER Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				Costs
<b> </b>		l	Neduced waste neat	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (% of total waste heat)	1	1	-	LUSIS KISKS
<b> </b>	-	l	National Expensions where	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat) (ke/vr) * disposal costs (EUR/ke)	l	1	<b>-</b>	1
		l	hadred water consumation	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg) Water - production volume for in % of	1	1	<b>!</b>	1 /
			Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)		1		
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition				
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			MAINTENANCE						4
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance	_	_		4
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost		_		
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Coantiative - C					1
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure				1
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)				1
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being				1
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity				1
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)				4
			Reduced absenteism Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	_	_		4
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction  Cost of equipment		_		1
			RISK REDUCTION	Ogantisatiw - C/E	COSt or equipment				1
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year				1
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	- quantum	nrine forerasts)		1		1
	t	l	therfured water noise risk		which water price is contractually agreed		t		1
		i	Reduced commercial risk		year price is contractionly agreed		1		1
		l	Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes				1
		l	Reduced disruption of energy supply risk	-	electricity supply disruption rate)				1
		l	Neduced disruption of (other) supplies						1
			OTHERS						]
1		1	Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or				1
L				CommunadW - C	other impact) per incident		1		4
l	l	ĺ	Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work	l	1	l	1
			And and as Warran		at the company Or	_	1		4
I	ı	ı	Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	ĺ	1	1	
		l	helaved or reduced capital expenditure	Occantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided	1	1	<b>!</b>	1
			Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk		t		1
		l	Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved				1
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr				
		l	Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E					1
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)					]
			increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative					4
			increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value		1		1
			Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative	1		1 -		1

### 3.1.3 Air cond. - MBs LIST

AIR CONDITIONING ENERGY SERVICE			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity	Please use the following colour codes in the color.  wave colors are considered to the colors of th
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major air conditioning energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects I Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	- irverage strategic value: yellow
functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T' in a defined T' window	Temperature (T*)		Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				
Air stability	Humidity rate (HR)	Operating parameters fitting	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced				<u> </u>
Air quality	Delta T	Heat recovery unit	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed				<u> </u>
Impacts	Cooling power (KW)	Automatic control system (sensors) Cold production replacement	Improved product quality /consistency Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M/E Quantitative - M	Reduction of production losses - redo pieces produced		-		_
Comfort - wellness		Renewable cold source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		<del>                                     </del>		
Healthcare		NEW WALLE COLD SOURCE	Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	number of appropriat products		_		
Product conservation			Improved flexibility of production	Ouartitative - F	Time-to-market - throughput time		_		
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in				
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/vr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
			WASTE & WATER						
		l	Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)		-	-	
H			Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)		-	-	-
			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)		-		/ Value \
			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover) Quantity (total or as % of production)		-		proposi-
			Backeted courses exploites based	Quantitative - M	Composition		<del>                                     </del>		tion
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)		_		1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				1
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						<b>1</b>
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOv. SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				1
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				Costs
			MAINTENANCE						1000
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance				
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost		-		+ /
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	lacrinical control cost		_		<i>V</i>
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure				_
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)				
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being				<b>-</b>
			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity				
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)				<u> </u>
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day				
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction Cost of equipment		-		
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost or equipment				_
			RISK REDUCTION Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease				_		
<b>I</b>			meduced risk or accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year		1-	-	
<b>I</b>			Neoucia Coz and energy prior risks		price forecasts)		1-	-	
H			Reduced commercial risk	-	which water price is contractually aereed		-	-	-
1		1	Reduced commercial risk Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or letal disputes		-	_	-
1		l	Reduced legal risk  Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		number of lawsuits or lenal disputes electricity supply disruption rate)		<b>!</b>	<b>!</b>	₹
l		l	Surfaced discussion of Joshuri surviles		www.nexty suppry unsuption rate)		<del>                                     </del>	_	
			OTHERS				1		
			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident				
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative (I)	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or				
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)				
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided				
			Reduced insurance cost	Ouantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk				
		l	Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved				<u>-</u>
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wazes/hr				
		l	Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E			-	-	
1		1	Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)	1		-	_	-
1		l	Increases anoestedes of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative Quantitative	Assets value		<b>!</b>	<b>!</b>	₹
<b>I</b>		l	Post-fluidos to condition consilius sécure d'	Quantitative	Posets veroë	_	+	<b>!</b>	<del>-</del>
			Contraction to regulatory comprantly reporting	Squalitative					<b></b>

### 3.1.4 Ventilation - MBs LIST

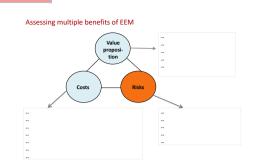
VENTILATION ENERGY SERVICE			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to stra	inegicity	Process uses the following colour codes to the colour.  What colour colours are colours  Colours and colours  Colo
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major ventilation energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects I Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	- awrage strategic value; yellow  - High strategic value; end
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Air renewal	m3/h	Motor - drive - fan replacement	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				4
Air heating/cooling	Humidity rate	Adjustement of parameters( hours of use; flow rate)	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
	CO2 rate	Automatic control system	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed Reduction of production losses - redo				Assessing multiple benefits of ELIVI
Impacts	Pollution rate	Heat recovery unit	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E					_
Heat or cold comfort			Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced				
Air quality			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - M Quantitative - E	Number of additional products				Value
Odors Wellness - Health			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	recall Time-to-market - throughout time				
Wellness - Health			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	Time-to-market - throughout time (in tonne/year) * costs of material (in				proposi-
			Reduced raw material need Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				tion /
			Reduced Consuminations	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				1 - 1
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				/
			Increased production violds	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				1 ~ ~
			WASTE & WATER	manufacture - C	The state of the s				1
			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				1 /
			Re-use of waste heat	Ocantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)				Costs
			Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)				1 Costs
			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	tumover)				1
			Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				1 /
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition				
			Reduced product wiste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance				
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced				
			Reduced engineering control cost.	Ouantitative - C	Technical control cost				4
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT						
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure				4
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)				4
			Improved thermal comfort	Ouant./qualitative	Well-beine				4
-			Improved visual comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-beine - productivity Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)				4
			Improved workforce productivity  Berlured absenteism	Depend on the tasks Quantitative - C/E		_			4
			Reduction of health costs	Ocantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction				4
			Berlured need for nontenting equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment				1
			RISK REDUCTION						1
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year				1
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	1	price forecasts)				1
			Reduced water price risk	1 .	which water price is contractually agreed				1
			Reduced commercial risk		manufacturity agreed				1
			Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes				1
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)				1
			Refund dispeting of latters sandles		The state of the s				1
			OTHERS						1
			increased installation safety		nr of incidents per year * average costs (or				1
1			1	Quantitative - C	other impact) per incident	ı	1		1
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or				
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)				
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided				]
			Reduced insurance cost	Ouantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk				4
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved				4
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr				
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E					1
			improved image or seputation	Qualitative (S)					1
1			increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative	l				4
			ncreased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value				4
1			Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative	l				1

## 3.1.5 Cooling-Refr. - MBs LIST

COOLING & REFRIGER ENERGY SERVICE (Foo			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to stra	stegicity	Please use the following colour codes in the colin.  the colin.  The colin col
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major cooling & refrigeration energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects ! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	- average strategic value: yellow
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T' in a defined T' window	Temperature (T1)	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Ocentitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
	Humidity rate (HR)	Cold distribution optimisation (insulation, Cold production replacement	Improved equipment performance Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E-M Quantitative - F	% default pieces/pieces produced Cost of equipment - spending delayed				Assessing multiple benefits of EEW
	Cooling power (KW)	Cold production replacement  Cold production centralization	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo				
Impact	and past proof	Heat recovery unit	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Ouantitative - M	pieces produced				
Product conservation		Renewable cold source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products				/ Value \
Process stability and reliability			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall				proposi-
			Improved flexibility of production	Ocentitative - E	Time-to-market - throughout time				tion
			Reduced raw material need Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in (nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				/
			Increased production volume	Ouantitative - M	(nr/vr) * price (EUR/product)				1 ~
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				
			WASTE & WATER						4
			Reduced waste heat  Be-no of waste heat	Ouantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				Costs Risks
			Re-use of waste heat	Ouantitative - M Ouantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat) (ke/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/ke)	-		-	1
			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnovir)				
			Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced sewage pollution level	Ouantitative - M	Composition				
			Reduced product waste	Ouantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			(627FOLIS FAMSSIONS	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance				
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear Beduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost				
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Osantitative - C	Necrinical control cost				
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure				
			Air quality improvement	Ouantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)				<u> </u>
			Improved thermal comfort	Ouant./oualitative	Well-being				4
			morowid visual comfort	Ouant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity				4
			Improved workforce productivity		Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not) Sickness absence days x cost per day				-
			reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction				1
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment				<u> </u>
			RISK REDUCTION						4
			Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year				4
	l		Reduced CD2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)				
			Reduced water price risk	-	which water price is contractually agreed	-		-	
	l		Reduced commercial risk Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes				1
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk	-	electricity supply disruption rate)				1
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies		and the same of th				1
			OTHERS						
1			Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or				
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty		other impact) per incident average nr of years that employees work at	-		-	
			Reduced staff turnover	Qualitative ©	the company Or				
			Reduced stam curnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)				
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment avoided Insurance cost related to risk	-		-	
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved				1
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * waters/hr				1
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E	and the second s				1
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)					3
			Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative					4
			Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value				4
			Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative	1				<u> </u>

### 3.1.6 Heating - MBs LIST

HEATING ENERGY SERVICE(Housin <sub>i</sub>	g, office, coo	oking, process)	BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contrib	ution to str	ategicity
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major heating energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decreas
unctions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS					
leat production: industrial processes	T*	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects			
leat production: cooking	Power KW	Primary heat T* level reduction	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced			
leat production: space heating		Heat distribution optimisation	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			
leat comfort		Automatic system control(Sensor)	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo			
table T* in a defined T* window		Heat production replacement	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced			
		Use of recovery heat source	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products			
		Use of renewable heat source	Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	product recall			
mpacts			Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time			
roduct quality, conservation	Decibels (dB)		Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	-		
cooking quality					production (in	-		
ianitary risk		1	Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)		İ	1
4oise	_		Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time	-	_	-
40/hit	+		Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	-	-	-
				Quantitative - C	Output total/input total	-	_	-
	1	1	Increased production yields WASTER WATER	Separation - C				
	1	1		Quantitative - M	Consider feeted as a first of a section of		_	-
	+	l	Reduced waste heat		Quantity (total or as % of production)	_	1	⊢
	+		Re-use of waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity I% of total waste heat)	-	-	-
	+		Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	-	-	├
	1	l	Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnoweri		-	+
			Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	_	-	$\vdash$
	_		Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition			_
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			_
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS					
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
			MAINTENANCE					
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance			
			Reduced markingry and equipment wear and tear	Organtitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced			
			Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost			
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT					
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure			
			Air muality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)			
	+		Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
			Improved visual romfort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity			
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)			
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day			
	+		Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment			
	_		RISK REDUCTION	Commission - C/L				
	+		Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease		Number of accidents / year			_
	+			qualitative - E		_	_	-
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)			<b>⊢</b>
			Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed			
			Reduced commercial risk					
			Reduced legal risk		number of lawsuits or legal disputes			
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)			
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies					
			OTHERS					
	_		Increased installation safety		nr of incidents per year * average costs (or			
			increased interaction safety	Quantitative - C	other impact) per incident			
			Improved staff satisfaction and lovalty		average nr of years that employees work	-		
				Qualitative ©	at the company Or			
	1		Reduced staff turnover	t		-	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
	1	1		Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)			I
		1	Delayed or reduced rapital emenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided	-		$\overline{}$
		1	Reduced incurance cost	Ouantitative - F	Insurance cost related to risk	-		$\overline{}$
		1	Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved	-		$\overline{}$
	1		Simplification & automation of customs procedures		Nr of hours spend on procedures per year	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
	1	1	and the second s	Qualitative - E	* wages/hr			I
	+	i	Contribution to company's virian or strategy	Qualitative - E	- magazay III	_	<b>t</b>	-
	1	1	Improved image or reputation	Qualitative - E Qualitative (S)	l	-	-	-
	1	1	Improved image or regulation Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative (S)	l	-	-	-
	+ -	1	Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value	-	<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>
	+		III. EASEG ASSEG VALUE	Quantitative	Assets value	-	-	-



### 3.1.7 Hot Water - MBs LIST

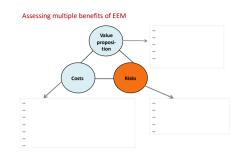
HOT WATER ENERGY SERVICE(Housing, Kitchen, laundry, process)			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	Quantifiable (Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator		Contribution to strategici		Please use the following colour codes in the cells:
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	Major hot water energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects ! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Cost decrease	- average strategic value: yellow
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						
Stable T* in a defined T* window	T*	Production adjustement to needs	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				
	Flow (L/min)	flow reduction	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
	Power (KW)	Heat distribution optimisation	Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed Reduction of production losses - redo				
Impacts		Use of recovery heat source Use of renewable heat source	Improved product quality /consistency Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M/E Quantitative - M	pieces produced	-			
Comfort		Heat production replacement	Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products	-			_
legionellosis risk	+	Limestone control system	Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	product recall	-			/ Value \
Water quality (limestone)		Carressone Control system	Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughout time	_			proposi-
Water County (IIII Excite)			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in				tion
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/vr) * price (EUR/product)				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				/
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)				
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				
			WASTE & WATER						
	1		Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				Costs
	<b>!</b>	l	Used waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)	1			LUSIS RISKS
	<b>!</b>	l	Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(kg/yr) * disposal costs (EUR/kg)	1			
	-		Reduced water consumption Reduced sewage volume	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	turnover) Quantity (total or as % of production)	Н—	_	-	
	<b>+</b>			Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production) Composition	-			¥
			Reduced sewage pollution level Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	_			
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	_			1
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS	Quantum - ini					
			leduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) gases emissions	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			MAINTENANCE						
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance				
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced				
			Reduced ensineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost				
			WORKING ENVIRONMENT						4
	-		Neduced noise	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure Number of particles /m2 (example)	-			-
			Improved thermal comfort	Quantitative - no	Well-being	_			4
	+		Imbrowed planmar comfort	Quant/gualitative	Well-being - productivity	-			
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)				1
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day				
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction				1
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment				
			RISK REDUCTION						4
	1		Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E	Number of accidents / year				1
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks		price forecasts)				<b>」</b>
	1		Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed				1
			Reduced commercial risk			<u> </u>			4
	1		Reduced legal risk	:	number of lawsuits or legal disputes	<b>├</b>			4
	1		Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption ratel	L			4
		l	Reduced disruption of (other) supplies						4
	-		OTHERS			_			4
	1	l	Increased installation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	1	1	1	1
	<u> </u>		Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	other impact) per incident average or of years that employees work				1
	<u> </u>		Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	at the company Or				1
	<b>!</b>	l	Assumed as endorsed exacted assumed to see	Ourantitative C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey) Cost of equipment avoided	<b>!</b>	-	-	-1
	t	l	Reduced insurance cost	Ouperitative C	Insurance cost related to risk	t	<b>!</b>	<b>!</b>	1
	t		Additional coare / Improved coare utilication	Quantitative - E	Number of m2 cased	1			1
			Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year * wages/hr				1
	1		Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E	A STATE OF THE STA	1			1
	1		Improved image or regulation	Qualitative (S)					1
			increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Qualitative					1
			ncreased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value				]
	1		Contribution to regulatory compliance/reporting	Qualitative		1	l	1	1

### 3.1.8 Automated pr. - MBs LIST

AUTOMATED PROCES				Quantifiable					Please use the following colour codes in
& COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES			MULTIPLE BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	(Measure - Suggestions of indicator		Contribution to strategicity			the cells:
ENERGY SERVICE(Offi	ce, proces	s)	(based on benefits identified in past projects)	Estimate)					- no strategic value: no colour
	1	Major automated processing		Qualitative		Risk	Value		- weak strategic value: green - average strategic value: yellow
Functions / Impacts	Technical parameters	of information & communication	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects!  Some henefits are the same under different names	(Evaluation -Staff	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Reduc-	prop.	Cost	- High strategic value: red
	parameters	energy-efficiency measures		survey)	(i.e. year/montri/day/nour)	tion	Increase	Decrease	
Functions			PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS						4
/oltage stability	T* KWh	Development of monitoring system	Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Quantitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects				Assessing multiple benefits of EEM
nformation storage lectric protection (continuity of	Voltage V	Development of measure, control & Development of centralized technical	Improved equipment performance Longer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Quantitative - E-M Quantitative - E	% default pieces/pieces produced Cost of equipment - spending delayed	1			Assessing multiple benefits of ELIVI
	Power KW		Improved product quality /consistency		Reduction of production losses - redo				1
moacts			Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M	pieces produced				
trateaic security			Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products				/ Value \
			Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality) Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E Quantitative - E	product recall Time-to-market - throughout time	-			proposi-
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/year) * costs of material (in	1			tion
		i e	Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/vr) * price (EUR/product)				-
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time				/
	<b>!</b>		Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)	<b>!</b>			
	<del>                                     </del>	l	Increased production yields WASTE & WATER	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total				
			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				Costs
			Re-used waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)				Costs Risks
			Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M		1			
	<b>!</b>		Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnoverl	<b>!</b>			
	1		Reduced sewage volume Reduced sewage pollution level	Quantitative - M Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Composition	1			E Y
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS						
			Reduced dust emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced CO, CO2, NOx, SOx emissions Reduction of fluorinated (refrigerant) pages emissions	Quantitative - M Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)  Quantity (total or as % of production)	-			4
	1		MAINTENANCE	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)				
			Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C	wages (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance				
			Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	Longer lifetime of equipment so reduced Technical control cost				_
			Reduced engineering control cost WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost				
			Reduced noise	Quantitative - M	Decibels x time of exposure				1
			Air quality improvement	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)				1
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant./qualitative					
			Improved visual comfort Improved workforce productivity	Quant/qualitative Depend on the	Well-being - productivity Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	-			4
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day				1
			Reduction of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction				
			Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of equipment				
	<del>                                     </del>	l	RISK REDUCTION  Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease	qualitative - E					
	<del>                                     </del>	l	Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	quantative - t	Number of accidents / year	<del>                                     </del>			1
	<b>+</b>		Reduced water price risk	-	orice forecasts1 which water price is contractually agreed	l			
		<u> </u>	Reduced commercial risk		and the process contracting agreed				1
			Reduced legal risk	-	number of lawsuits or legal disputes				
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk	-	electricity supply disruption rate)				
			Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			<b>└</b>			-
	<del>                                     </del>	l	OTHERS Increased installation safety		nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	_			1
	l	l	no ease - adiation safety	Quantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or other impact) per incident	1			
			Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or				1
			Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	Employee satisfaction (based on survey)				
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Quantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided				
	<b>!</b>		Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk	<b>!</b>			
	<del>                                     </del>	l	Additional space / Improved space utilisation Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Ouantitative - C	Number of m2 saved Nr of hours spend on procedures per year	<del>                                     </del>			1
	1	ĺ	ampinication is association of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	* wages/hr	1			
			Contribution to company's vision or strategy	Qualitative - E					
			Improved image or reputation	Qualitative (S)		<u> </u>			
	<del>                                     </del>	l	Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes Increased assets value	Qualitative	Accets value	+			1
	<del>                                     </del>	l	Contribution to regulatory compliance/conormo	Quantitative	Passes valué	<del>                                     </del>	-		1

#### 3.1.9 Motive Power - MBs LIST

(ENGINES, DRIVES & using electric, pneu			BENEFITS OF ENERGY-EFFICIENCY PROJECTS (based on benefits identified in past projects)	(Measure - Calculation - Estimate)	Suggestions of indicator	Contribution to strateg		
Functions / impacts	Technical parameters	Major motive power energy-efficiency measures	Be careful of double counting or cascading effects ! Some benefits are the same under different names	Qualitative (Evaluation -Staff survey)	To be related to a time period (i.e. year/month/day/hour)	Risk Reduc- tion	Value prop. Increase	Co
unctions	flow	Adjustement to operating hours	PRODUCTION & PRODUCTS  Reduced malfunction or breakdown of machinery and	Ocernitative - M	Number of breakdowns/defects	×		_
								X
ower availability	Power (KW)	Motor replacement	Improved equipment performance	Quantitative - E-M	% default pieces/pieces produced	×	×	
ime availabity	Operating point	Drive replacement	Loneer equipment life (due to reduced wear and tear)	Ouantitative - E	Cost of equipment - spending delayed			,
	-	Drive network optimisation	Improved product quality /consistency	Quantitative - M/E	Reduction of production losses - redo pieces produced	×	×	
	_	Development of an automatic control and regulation	Increased production reliability (due to better control)	Quantitative - M		×	×	
mpacts			Larger product range	Quantitative - M	Number of additional products		×	
roductivity	_		Reduced customer service costs (due to better quality)	Quantitative - E	recall		×	_
ontinuity	_		Improved flexibility of production	Quantitative - E	Time-to-market - throughput time	×	×	_
			Reduced raw material need	Quantitative - M	(in tonne/vear) * costs of material (in	(x)		
			Reduced consumables	Quantitative - M	(nr/vr) * price (EUR/product)	fxl		
			Shorter production cycle (shorter process cycle time)	Quantitative - M	Duration of production time		×	
			Increased production volume	Quantitative - M	(nr/yr) * price (EUR/product)			
			Increased production yields	Quantitative - C	Output total/input total		×	
			WASTE & WATER					
			Reduced waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)			
			Used waste heat	Quantitative - M	Quantity (% of total waste heat)	ш		
		1	Reduced hazardous waste	Quantitative - M	(ke/vr) * disposal costs (EUR/ke)	×	1	
			Reduced water consumption	Quantitative - M	turnover)	(x)		
			Reduced sewere volume	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		
			Reduced sewere pollution level	Quantitative - M	Composition	×		
			Reduced product waste	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×		
			Reduced other waste (e.g. non-hazardous consumables)	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	v		
			GAZEOUS EMISSIONS	decimal in				
			Tradescal drut emissions	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	
			Poderod CD, CO3, NOv SOv outleilers	Quantitative - M	Quantity (total or as % of production)	×	×	
			Traduction of Descripted Sufficement accordances	Quantitative - E	Quantity (total or as % of production)	Ŷ	_	1
	+		MAINTENANCE	Community - F	country your or as as or productiony	•		_
	+		Reduced maintenance cost	Quantitative - C				
	+		Reduced machinery and equipment wear and tear	Quantitative - C	wases (EUR/hr) * reduced maintenance Lonzer lifetime of equipment so reduced	×		
	+		Reduced engineering control cost	Quantitative - C	Technical control cost	×		-
	+		WORKING ENVIRONMENT	Osantitative - C				_
	+		Refused noise	Ocentitative - M	Decibels vitime of exposure			_
			REGUCEG ROSE	Quantitative - M	Number of particles /m2 (example)	×	×	
			Improved thermal comfort	Quant/qualitative	Well-being	×	-	<del>                                     </del>
			Improved distributions fort	Quant./qualitative	Well-being - productivity	×	-	-
			Improved workforce productivity	Depend on the tasks	Depend on the tasks (repetitive or not)	×	-	-
			Reduced absenteism	Quantitative - C/E	Sickness absence days x cost per day	Ŷ	-	<del>                                     </del>
			Production of health costs	Quantitative - C/E	Insurance premiums reduction		_	-
	+		Reduced need for protective equipment	Quantitative - C/E	Cost of environment	_		-
	+		RISK REDUCTION	Opantitative - C/E	COST OF EQUIPMENT			_
	+		Reduced risk of accident and occupational disease		Number of accidents / year			_
				qualitative - E				⊢
			Reduced CO2 and energy price risks	- :	price forecasts)	×		_
			Reduced water price risk		which water price is contractually agreed	×		_
			fteduced commercial risk			×		_
			Reduced legal risk	1 .	number of lawsuits or legal disputes	×		_
			Reduced disruption of energy supply risk		electricity supply disruption rate)	×		
	1		Reduced disruption of (other) supplies			×		
			OTHERS					
		1	Increased installation safety	Disantitative - C	nr of incidents per year * average costs (or	v		
		1	·	Committative - C	other impact) per incident	×	×	_
	1	1	Improved staff satisfaction and loyalty	Qualitative ©	average nr of years that employees work at the company Or	×	×	
	1		Reduced staff turnover	Quantitative - E/C	DIRECTION OF CO.	×	×	H
					Employee satisfaction (based on survey)	×	×	_
			Delayed or reduced capital expenditure	Ouantitative - C	Cost of equipment avoided	_		
			Reduced insurance cost	Quantitative - E	Insurance cost related to risk	_	_	_
			Additional space / Improved space utilisation	Quantitative - C	Number of m2 saved	<b>—</b>	×	_
	1	1	Simplification & automation of customs procedures	Qualitative - E	Nr of hours spend on procedures per year *	×	×	
		1	netribution to company's vision or stratury	Ovalitative - F				t
		1	Improved image or regulation	Ovalitative (S)			- î	_
	1		Increased knowledge of production/auxiliary processes	Ovalitative		×	×	t
	1		Increased assets value	Quantitative	Assets value	×	×	t
			to a the street or the second transfer of the second	Ovalitative				



## 3.2 Quantifying and valuing MB

Energy-l	Efficiency Measure Title:							
Descript	ion:							
	Valu	re ition	Analysis to be made for each EEM					
	Multiple benefits contributing to Risk decrease	Description / comments	KPI (Key Performance Indicator)	Data (Variable to measure	Nature of the data (Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (Dpt in the company)	Quantitative result in Value or Cost cells
MBR1					Qualitative			
MBR2					Qualitative			
MBR3					Qualitative			
MBR4					Qualitative			
MBR5					Qualitative			
					Qualitative			
	Multiple Benefits contributing to Value or Value proposition increase	Description / comments	KPI (Key Performance Indicator)	Data (Variable to measure	Nature of the data (Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (company's department)	Quantitative result
MBV1								
MBV2								
MBV3								
MBV4								
MBV5								
	Multiple Benefits contributing to Cost decrease	Description / comments	KPI (Key Performance Indicator)	Data (Variable to measure	Nature of the data (Quantitative /Qualitative)	Accuracy	Source (company's department)	Quantitative result
MBC1								
MBC2								
МВС3								
MBC4								
MBC5								

### 4. MBs Financial evaluation

Step 4 - Multiple			ancia	l Ana	lysis					
Investment project (EEM or grouped EEMs):	t0		t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7	Т8
Hypotheses for the calculations	τυ		τı	12	13	t4 (EU		το	W	18
Initial capital spending (CAPEX) in t0		0,0								
Additional capital spending - t1 to Tn		0,0								
Subsidy		0,0								
Terminal value										0,0
Average cost of saved energy (EUR/KWh) net of TVA		0,0								
Estimated energy savings (Electric KWh/year) Estimated energy savings (Thermal KWh/year)		<wh< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wh<>								
Estimated energy savings (Thermal KWh/year)		<wh< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></wh<>								
Energy benefits (EB = energy costs reduction):										
- Electricity			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Thermique (natural gas)			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Thermique (heating fuel)  TOTAL EBs :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-energy benefits (NEBs)				- 0	0	- 0	- 0	- 0		- 0
- NEB1 :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB2 :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB3 :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- NEB4 : - NEB5 :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL NEBs :			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Information to ask to Accounting-Finance Department										
Straight-line depreciation Duration in years :		0								
Discount rate Rate in %:		0%								
Investment duration (i.e. nr of years included in the calculations  Nr of years: Corporate tax  Rate in %:		0 <b>0%</b>								
Depreciation	tO	0,0	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7	Т8
•						(EU				
Capital expenditure (initial and additional)		0,0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation of inital investment made in t = 0			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Depreciation of additional capital expenditure made in t = 1				#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Total depreciation		_	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Book value of fixed assets			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Revenues	t0		t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7	Т8
Total gross revenues of Multiple Benefits of energy-efficiency investment:						(EU	JK)			
- Total energy benefits			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Total non-energy benefits			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL gross revenue of investment			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation  Net income before taxes			#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!
Taxes			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Net income after taxes			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Depreciation		;	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Free cash-flows after taxes		3	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Investment free cash-flows	t0		t1	t2	t3	t4 (EU	t5 JR)	t6	t7	Т8
Cash-flow after taxes			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
Capital expenditure Terminal value in year T		0								0
Terminal value after taxes in year T										0
,										
Investment free cash-flows		0	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
		5%	8%							
NPV (Net Present Value) 8 years @ 5%	#DI\	V/0!								
NPV (Net Present Value) 8 years @ 8%	#DI\									
IRR (Internal rate of return)	#WE	KI!								
Payback in years :	#DI\									